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| APPLICATION NO.               | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|-------------------------------|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/014,472                    | 12/14/2001  | Christopher Kern     | 02481.1767 1068     |                  |
| 7590 03/31/2005               |             |                      | EXAMINER            |                  |
| Finnegan, Henderson, Farabow, |             |                      | LEWIS, PATRICK T    |                  |
| Garrett & Dunn                | er, L.L.P.  |                      |                     |                  |
| 1300 I Street, N.W.           |             |                      | ART UNIT            | PAPER NUMBER     |
| Washington, DC 20005-3315     |             |                      | 1623                |                  |

DATE MAILED: 03/31/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

|  | Applicati  | on No.  | Applicant(s)   |  |  |  |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Office Astion Comments   | 10/014,4   | 72  | KERN ET AL.  |  |  |  |
| Office Action Summary  | Examine  | •   | Art Unit   |  |  |  |
|  | Patrick T.   |   | 1623   |  |  |  |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply  | appears on the   | e cover sheet with the d  | correspondence address   |  |  |  |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RETHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a lf NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by six Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mearmed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ON. R 1.136(a). In no ev i. a reply within the stated ariod will apply and weather course the app                  | ent, however, may a reply be tin<br>utory minimum of thirty (30) day<br>ill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from<br>lication to become ABANDONE | nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133). |  |  |  |
| Status   |  |   |  |  |  |  |
| 1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2  | 6 January 200  | <u>5</u> .  |  |  |  |  |
| 2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ⊠  | <u> </u>   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for allo   | 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is |   |  |  |  |  |
| closed in accordance with the practice und   | er <i>Ex parte Qเ</i>  | <i>ayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 45  | 53 O.G. 213.   |  |  |  |
| Disposition of Claims  |  |   |  |  |  |  |
| 4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3-8 and 26-30</u> is/are pending in  | the application  | 1.  |  |  |  |  |
| 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with  | drawn from co  | nsideration.  |  |  |  |  |
| 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.  |  |   |  |  |  |  |
| 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3-8 and 26-30</u> is/are rejected.   |  |   |  |  |  |  |
| 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.  |  |   |  |  |  |  |
| 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction ar  | nd/or election r   | equirement.   |  |  |  |  |
| Application Papers   |  |   |  |  |  |  |
| 9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exan   | niner.   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)   |  | objected to by the I  | Examiner.  |  |  |  |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to  | •  | -   |  |  |  |  |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co  |  |   |  |  |  |  |
| 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the  | e Examiner. No   | ote the attached Office   | Action or form PTO-152.  |  |  |  |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119   |  |   |  |  |  |  |
| 12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:  | eign priority un   | der 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)  | )-(d) or (f).  |  |  |  |
| 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docum  | ents have bee  | n received  |  |  |  |  |
| Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  |  |   |  |  |  |  |
| 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage  |  |   |  |  |  |  |
| application from the International Bu  |  |   |  |  |  |  |
| * See the attached detailed Office action for a  | · ·  |   | ed.  |  |  |  |
| Attachment(s)  |  |   |  |  |  |  |
| 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  |  | 4) Interview Summary  |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ul>  |  | Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:   | ate atent Application (PTO-152)  |  |  |  |
| J.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04) Office   | e Action Summa   | ry Pa   | rt of Paper No./Mail Date 03112005   |  |  |  |

## **DETAILED ACTION**

# Request for Continued Examination

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on January 26, 2005 has been entered.

#### Election/Restrictions

2. Applicant's election with traverse of Group I in the reply filed on December 19, 2002 is acknowledged. The requirement was made FINAL in the Office Action dated March 26, 2003.

# Applicant's Response Dated January 26, 2005

- 3. Claims 1, 3-8 and 26-30 are pending. An action on the merits of claims 1, 3-8 and 26-30 is contained herein below.
- 4. The rejection of claims 1, 4 and 6-8 under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Yeda Research and Development WO 92/19249 (Yeda) is maintained for the reasons of record as set forth in the Office Action dated August 24, 2004.

Application/Control Number: 10/014,472 Page 3

Art Unit: 1623

5. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 3 and 5 under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Yeda Research and Development WO 92/19249 (Yeda) have been

considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

6. The rejection of claims 19-26 under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, has been

rendered moot in view of applicant's response dated January 26, 2005 (November 3,

2004).

Rejections of Record Set Forth in the Office Action Dated August 24, 2004

7. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can

be found in a prior Office action.

8. Claims 1, 4 and 6-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable

over Yeda Research and Development WO 92/19249 (Yeda).

9. Applicant's arguments filed January 26, 2005 have been fully considered but they

are not persuasive.

In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain

features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies

(i.e., the treatment of osteoarthroses or disorder that is not linked to pathological

process involving induction of TNF- $\alpha$  secretion) are not recited in the rejected claim(s).

Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the

specification are not read into the claims. See In re Van Geuns, 988 F.2d 1181, 26

USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

Application/Control Number: 10/014,472 Page 4

Art Unit: 1623

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

10. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 11. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
  - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
  - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
  - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
  - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 12. Claims 3, 5 and 26-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yeda Research and Development WO 92/19249 (Yeda) and Claiborne et al. US 6,291,457 (Claiborne) in combination.

Claims 3, 5 and 26-30 are drawn to a method of treating a disorder comprising administering to a subject a therapeutically effective amount of enoxaparin, wherein the disorder is one or more of a wound healing disturbance, a disorder of the locomotor system, and a disturbance of bone metabolism. Claim 3 further limits the disorder. Claims 5, 26-27 and 30 limit the modes of administration. Claims 28-29 limit the dosage regimen.

Yeda teaches the treatment of pathological processes involving the induction of TNF- $\alpha$  secretion using a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a low molecular

34).

weight heparin (LMWH) (Abstract). The LMWH is present in a low effective dose and is administered at intervals of about 5-8 days. The LMWH is capable of inhibiting in vitro

TNF- $\alpha$  secretion by resting T cells and/or macrophages in response to T cell-specific antigens, mitogens, macrophages activators, disrupted extracellular matrix (dECM), laminin, fibronectin, and the like. TNF- $\alpha$  is involved in the pathogenesis of many undesirable inflammatory conditions in autoimmune diseases, graft rejection, vasculitis and atherosclerosis (page 3, lines 18-25). For these reasons, ways have been sought to regulate the secretion of TNF- $\alpha$  as a means to control a variety of diseases. The pharmaceutical composition may be administered in any manner as dictated by the particular application at hand including, but not limited to, enteral administration (including oral) or parenteral administration (including topical or inhalation with the aid of aerosols) (page 7, line 34 to page 8, line 24). The compositions typically contain a single low dose unit of less than 5 mg LMWH, preferably from about 0.3 to about 3 mg, and most preferably contain from 1 to 1.5 mg. LMWHs to be used in the method include enoxaparin which is commercially available (page 10, line 15 to page 11, line

Yeda differs from the instantly claimed invention in that Yeda does not explicitly teach the treatment of osteoarthroses, spondyloses, chondrolysis, collagenoses, arthropaties, and myalgias. Yeda also does not explicitly teach intraarticular injections of enoxaparin; however, these deficiencies would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made.

Art Unit: 1623

Claiborne teaches that excessive or unregulated TNF production or activity has been implicated in mediating or exacerbating rheumatoid arthritis, rheumatoid sponylitis, osteoarthritis, gouty arthritis, and other arthritic conditions, sepsis, septic shock, endotoxic shock, gram negative sepsis, toxic shock syndrome, adult respiratory distress syndrome, cerebral malaria, chronic pulmonary inflammation disease, silicosis, pulmonary sarcosis, bone resorption diseases, reperfusion injury, graft v. host rejection, allograft rejections, fever and myalgia due to infection, cachexia secondary to infection or malignancy, cachexia secondary to AIDS, AIDS related complex (ARC), keloid formation, scar tissue formation, Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis and pyresis (column 1, lines 40-53).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to treat one or more of osteoarthroses, spondyloses, chondrolysis, collagenoses, arthropaties, and myalgias by administering to a subject a therapeutically effective amount of enoxaparin. Yeda teaches the treatment of pathological processes involving the induction of TNF-α secretion using enoxaparin within the dosage range instantly claimed. Although Yeda does not explicitly teach the treatment of osteoarthroses, spondyloses, chondrolysis, collagenoses, arthropaties or myalgias, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to do so since Claiborne teaches that excessive or unregulated TNF production or activity has been implicated in mediating or exacerbating a variety of conditions including rheumatoid arthritis, rheumatoid sponylitis, osteoarthritis, gouty arthritis, and other arthritic conditions, reperfusion injury, graft v. host rejection, allograft rejections, fever

Application/Control Number: 10/014,472 Page 7

Art Unit: 1623

and myalgia due to infection, keloid formation, scar tissue formation, Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis and pyresis. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do so in view of the links between the induction of TNF- $\alpha$  secretion and the instantly claimed pathological processes. The selection of an appropriate mode of administration (i.e. intraarticular injection) would have been well within the purview of one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention. As suggested by Yeda, the mode of administration would be dictated by the particular application at hand.

## Conclusion

13. Claims 1, 3-8 and 26-30 are pending. Claims 1, 3-8 and 26-30 are rejected. No claims are allowed.

Art Unit: 1623

## **Contacts**

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Patrick T. Lewis whose telephone number is 571-272-0655. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 10 am to 3 pm (Maxi Flex).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James O. Wilson can be reached on 571-272-0661. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Patrick T. Lewis, PhD

Examiner Art Unit 1623

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